LA County Climate Vulnerability Assessment (CVA)

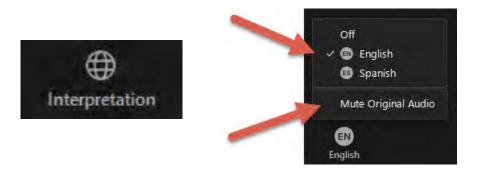
Countywide Climate Vulnerability Findings Workshop Thursday, July 1, 2021

Source: Civlavia, John Endow

Welcome - Logistics



Interpretación en español está disponible en el doble canal de Zoom



• Spanish interpretation is available on the dual Zoom channel

Welcome - Logistics



 Live transcript/subtitles are also available in English if you prefer to follow along through reading text



- Session is being recorded in English and Spanish for County's YouTube channel
 - Spanish subtitles will be generated via YouTube recording after workshop

Welcome - Logistics



• Use of the chat box:

- Introduce and rename your Zoom title name, pronouns, and organization
- Submit questions throughout and organizers will respond at appropriate time

Welcome



- Land Acknowledgement
- Racial Equity Statement
- Recent Climate Events
- Remarks from Ricardo Lara, California Insurance Commissioner
- Acknowledgement of CVA partners and stakeholders

Welcome - Agenda

- I. Project Overview
- II. Mentimeter Introduction
- III. Key Findings from the Report
- IV. Question and Answer
- V. How You Can Use the CVA
- V. Closing Remarks



Project Overview



Purpose

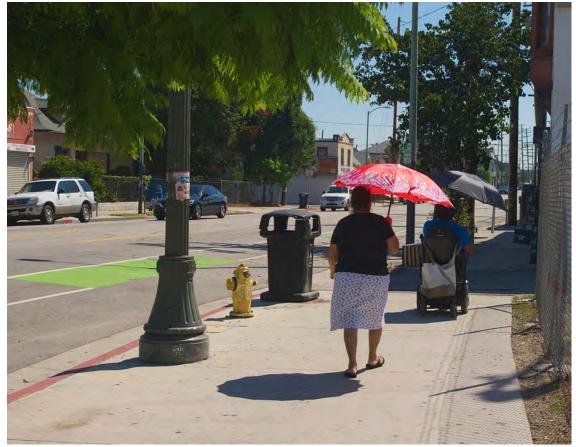




Source: OurCounty Plan

What makes this CVA unique

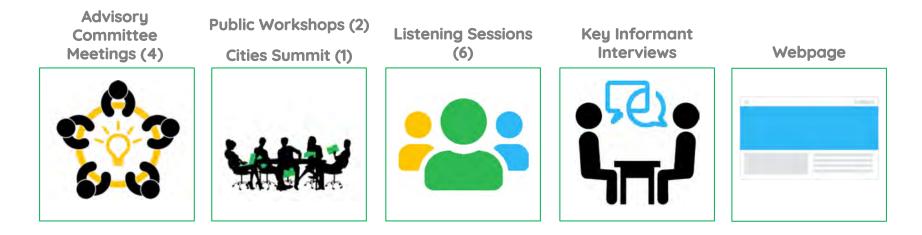




Source: Streetsblog LA, Sahra Subramanian

Stakeholder engagement overview

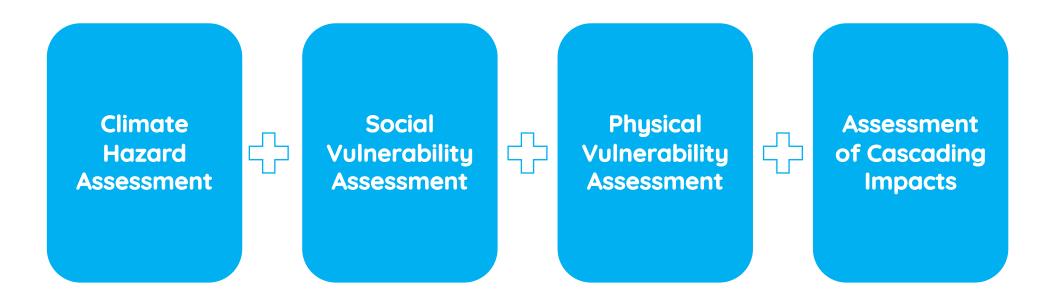




Throughout our presentation today, we will highlight stories heard through our engagement process.

Components of the LA County CVA





What is Vulnerability?



Climate Vulnerability

Exposure

Sensitivity

The nature and degree to which a system or sub-population is exposed to significant climatic variations. The degree to which a system or sub-population is affected by climaterelated stimuli. Adaptive Capacity

The ability of a system or sub-population to adjust to climate change, to moderate potential damages, or to cope with the consequences.

Defining Social Vulnerability



Vulnerability is not an indicator of an individual's weakness or incapacity to cope but rather an indicator of the factors, almost all of them outside of the individual's control, that make people more at risk for negative impacts.

Climate hazards pose a risk to all County residents. However, various factors can make certain populations more susceptible than others. These factors include:

- Inequities in infrastructure and access to the benefits of education, economic opportunity, social capital, health protection services, and/or other services;
- Institutionalized bias or exclusion from political and decision-making power;
- Inequities in **environmental and living conditions** and health status
- Differences in individual health, age, and ability

*This framing is informed by the 2017 Advancing Climate Justice in California: Guiding Principles and Recommendations for Policy and Funding Decisions

Scope of the CVA

Populations

Social climate vulnerability is assessed using a range of indicators across the following categories:



CurCounty

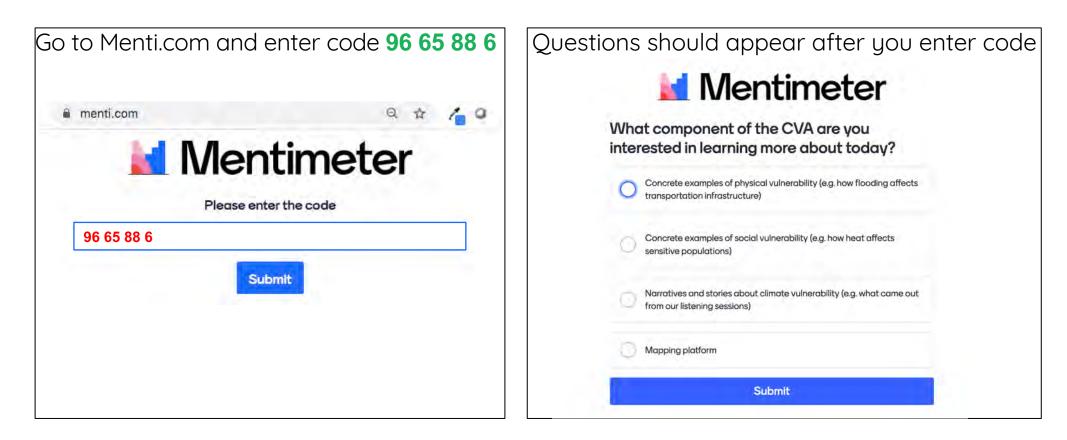
Infrastructure

Physical climate vulnerability is assessed based on a range of infrastructure types across the following categories:



Mentimeter



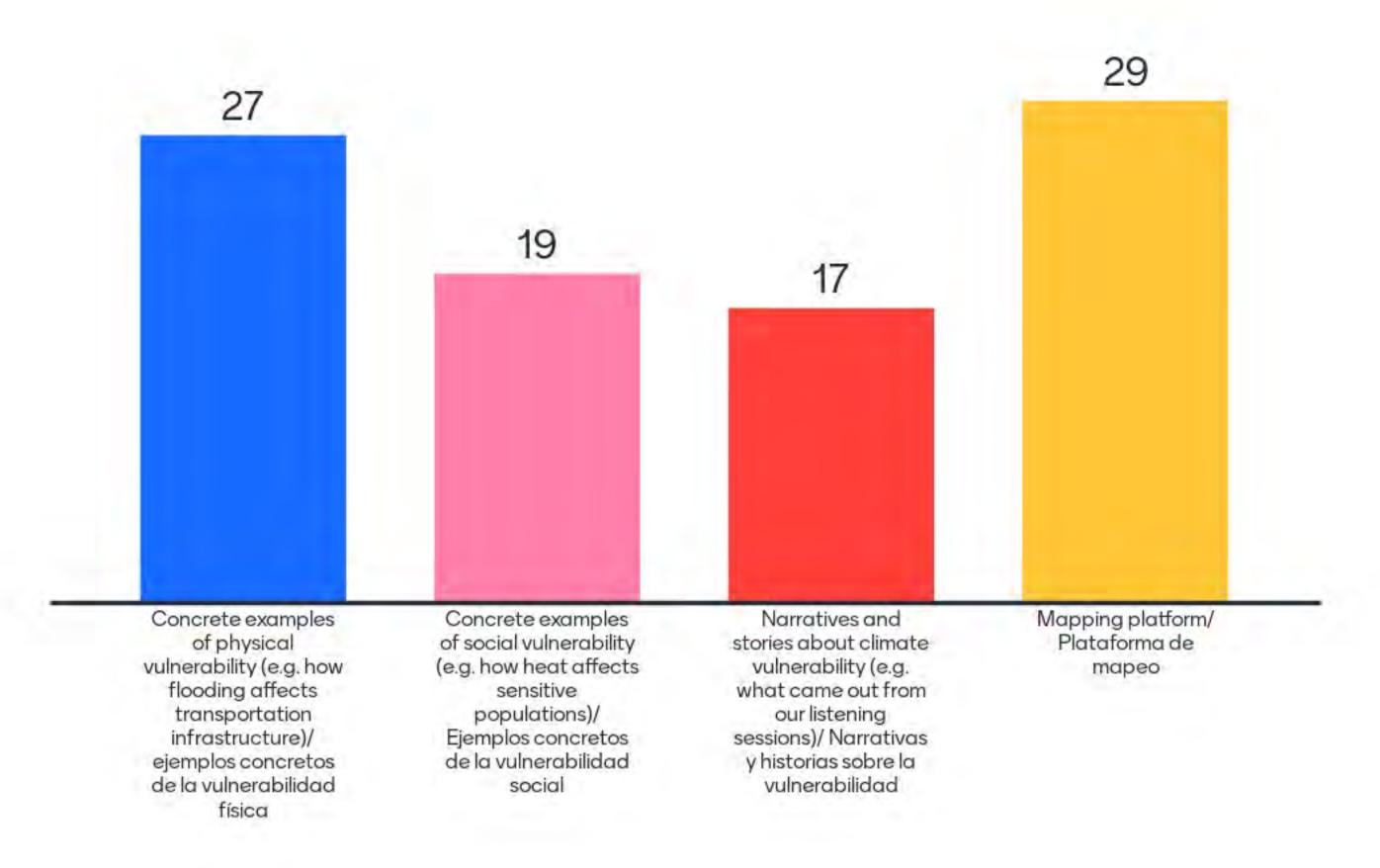


Mentimeter What component of the CVA are you interested in learning more about today?

Go to Menti.com and enter code 96 65 88 6



What component of the CVA are you interested in learning more about today?/ ¿Sobre que componente de la CVA te interesa aprender más hoy?



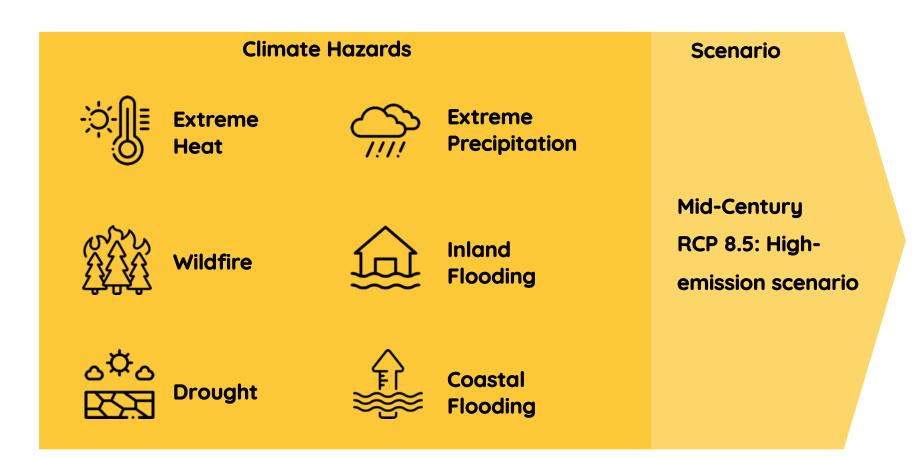


Key Findings from the Report



Climate hazards in LA County





Climate hazards in LA County





Extreme heat is projected to increase in frequency and severity, impacting much of the County

Wildfire events are projected to be considerably larger, more frequent, and more destructive by mid-century

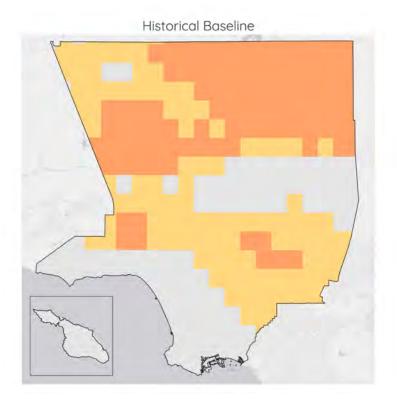
Droughts are happening more often and are lasting longer

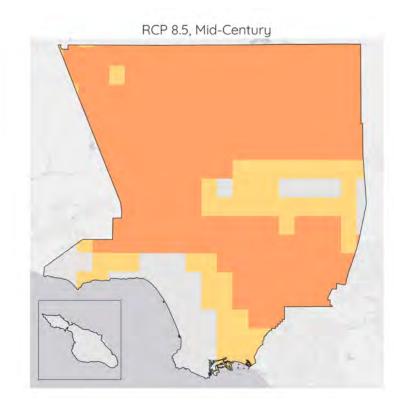
Inland flooding will likely increase in the future with drier springs and summers and wetter winters throughout the state

Coastal flooding events may become more frequent and severe, even with small increases in sea level rise



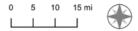






Relative Exposure Level 95th Percentile Daily Maximum Temperature Low, < 86.4 °F Medium, 86.4 °F - 94.2 °F High, > 94.2 °F

Sources: Cal-Adapt, UC Berkeley, Scripps Institution of Oceanography - UC San Diego, University of Colorado, Boulder.







Highly vulnerable populations





People with pre-existing conditions

Outdoor workers

Highly vulnerable infrastructure



Children and

older adults

Energy

open space

Transportation



Source: Flickr, Boyce Duprey







40% of the population says they avoided going outside due to smoke last year

Source: LA Barometer

Freeway embankment fire threatens Granada Hills Service Station – June 2021 Source: Flickr, Los Angeles Fire Department





Highly vulnerable populations



Older adults living alone People with limited access to transportation People with cardiovascular disease

Highly vulnerable infrastructure





Woolsey Fire – Nov 2018 Source: Flickr, CEO Countywide Communications

Extreme precipitation and inland flooding



f



Kagel Canyon Precipitation Preparedness and Mudslide Prevention – Jan 2018 Source: Flickr, CEO Countywide Communications

Extreme precipitation and inland flooding $\overleftarrow{\Box}$

Highly vulnerable populations



Households

without vehicle access



Outdoor

workers

Mobile

homes



Source: Union Station Homeless Outreach Team



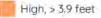






Coastal Flooding, 2.5 Foot Sea Level Rise

Medium, 0 - 3.9 feet









Highly vulnerable populations



Highly vulnerable infrastructure



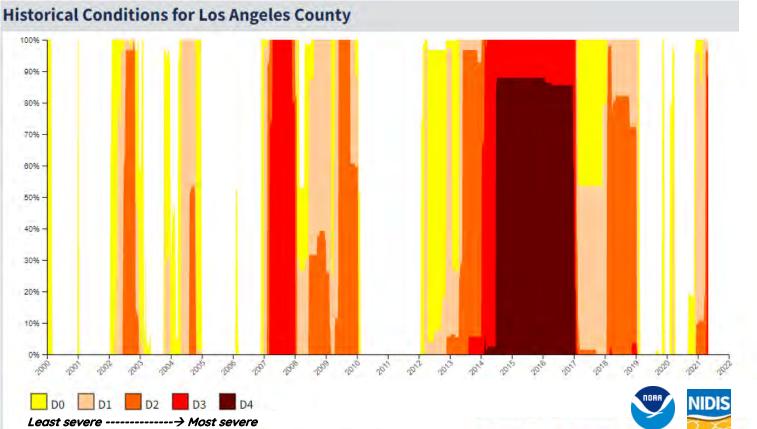
Transportation

Beaches and swimming areas

Water

Photo Source: King Tides Photo Gallery







Droughts are happening more often and lasting longer





Highly vulnerable populations



Older adults Rural communities

Low-income households

Highly vulnerable infrastructure





Photo Source: CLWA and SCVhistoriy.com

Mentimeter What climate impacts on vulnerable populations are you most concerned about?

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Heat	high heat health events	Heat
Heat	Wildifres	extreme heat
Health risks from increased heat	extreme heat for those who don't have air conditioning	I am most concerned about high heat exposure





Heat	drought, wildfire, heat	Heat
Heat and access to water	Extreme Heat and Wildfires	Extreme heat
Power outage	population displacement	Extreme heat in urban areas.





Extreme heat in South and SE LA	Heat attack	extreme heat, wildfires
Pregnant women and premature birth	Energy Access	water scarcity
heatwaves	heat	Heat





Wildfire	Air quality impacts are a big concern.	wildfires
air quality	Health effects	Heat and wildfires
water quality from lower concentrations	Heat	All others all rely on quality mapping and spatial analy





Flash flood	heat
extreme heat is #1	economic inequality ex
Drought and extreme heat	heat, air quality





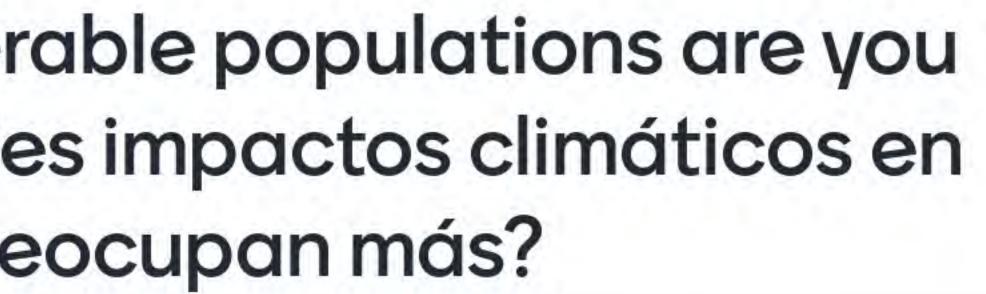


heat and wildfires>	Elderly	Drought
Older adults living alone	wildfire	Heat and wildfires for workers
health risks from heat and smoke	Drought and dry vegetation.	Heat/air quality on indoor/outdoor workers





heat and drought	drought, wildfire
Power outage	wildfire and heat
air quality issues during wildfire season where no air conditioning / air filtration systems	Heat exposure of home

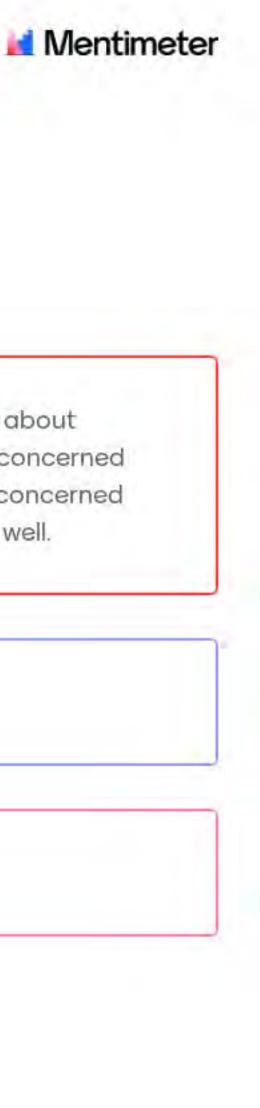


They all tie together - namely I am concerned about continued lack of access to clean water, and concerned about wildfire's impact on water quality. Very concerned about lack of access to cooling for renters as well.

Extreme heat and energy

eless and outdoor workers.

water scarcity





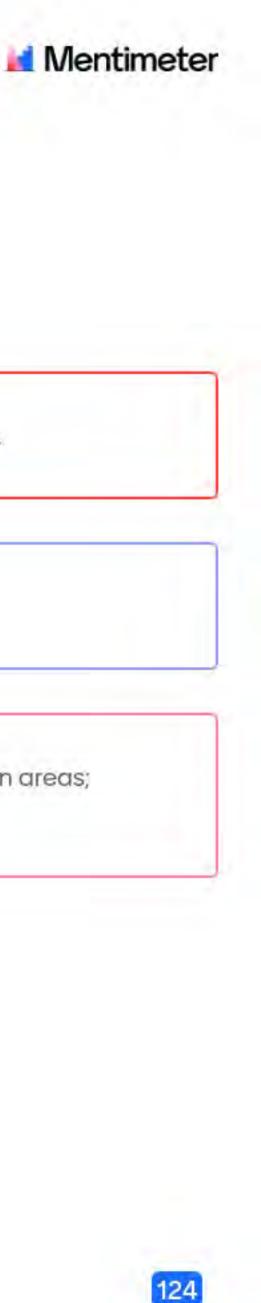
Smoke/wildfire on domestic workers and day laborers	heat water scarcity	Urban flooding
heat	Heat, access to water, air quality, fires	Loss of trees as a result of drought and heat
access to clean water	contaminated fish/wildlife; higher concentrations of toxins in water	Heat impacts on BIPOC population





Heat, Wildfire and Energy Vunerability	Costs to decarbonize
Hazards in climate disaster response	Drought, wildfire, heat, o
water availability	extreme heat on childre

energy, drinking water
en
Possible extreme cold in the county's mountain areas;
Extreme heat in north county.

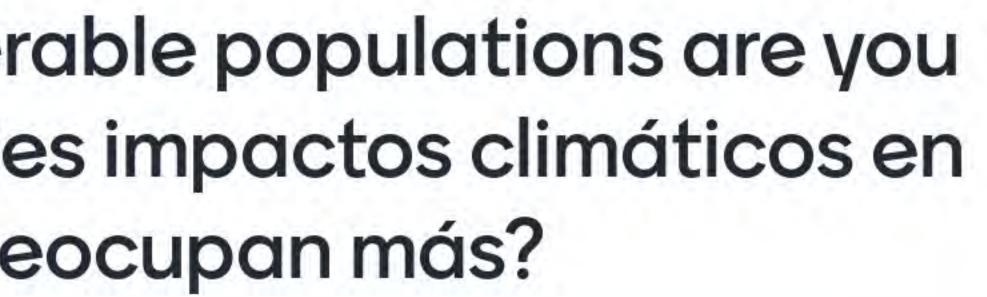


extreme heat, power and communication outages, and impacts on health	Wildfire, heat, loss of homes due to flooding.	Flooding, oils and harmful organics from wildfires
Mental health	air quality	UHI, drought
water quality	heat, access to cooling centers which leads to transportation	health of outdoor workers/agriculture workers; people without access to air conditioning

Mentimeter		
res		
people		



older adults	Urban heat island effe
Health related issues caused by communication infrastructures and policies	long term impacts on w
air quality caused by fire and heat	Homeless population

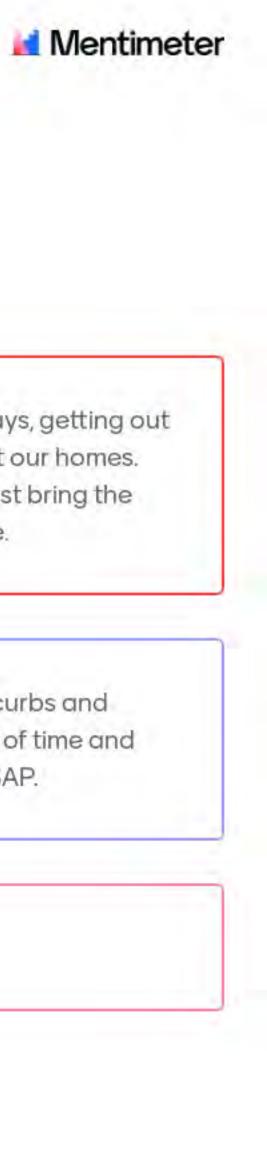








Lack of access to parks	Drought/water scarcity. by gov. sources.
Climate Gentrification, Climate Migration, Climate Regulations and More	The County must priorit their infrastructure proje too big and cannot mov
water fountains	work together.
	groundwater/water



Lack of tribal input.Control of water

tize multi-benefit solutions in all of ects. This is moving too slow. LAC is ve fast enough if the lifelines do not active transporation, neighborhood greenways, getting out of cars, invest locally, capture water locally at our homes. Rely on CBOs to do the work. The County must bring the community into the process to be the change.

Removal of countless mature trees to repair curbs and repaving streets the same old way, is a waste of time and budgets. A balanced approach is needed ASAP.

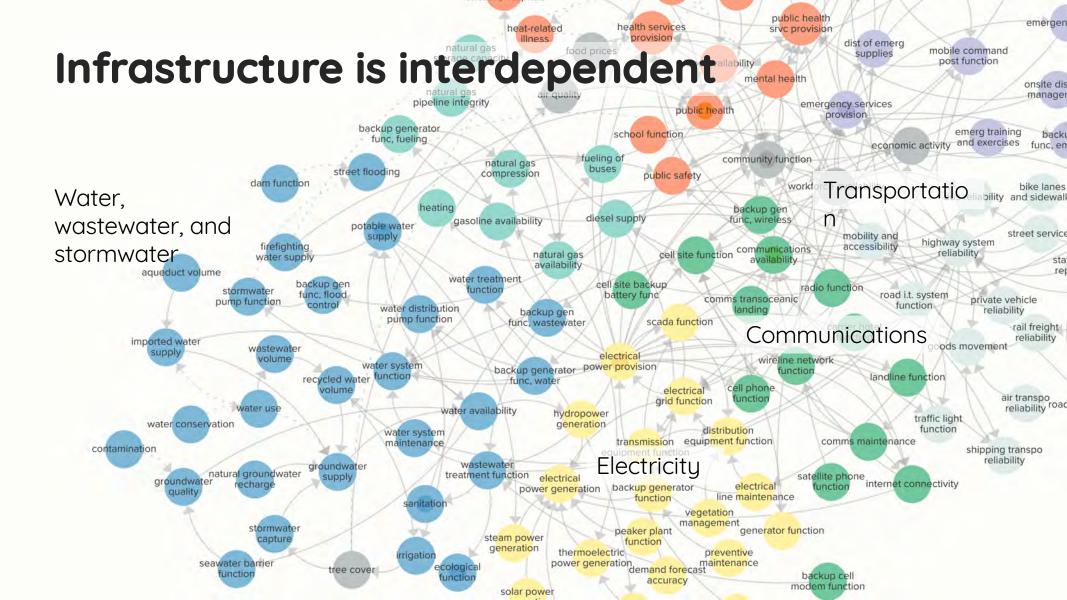
shade structures

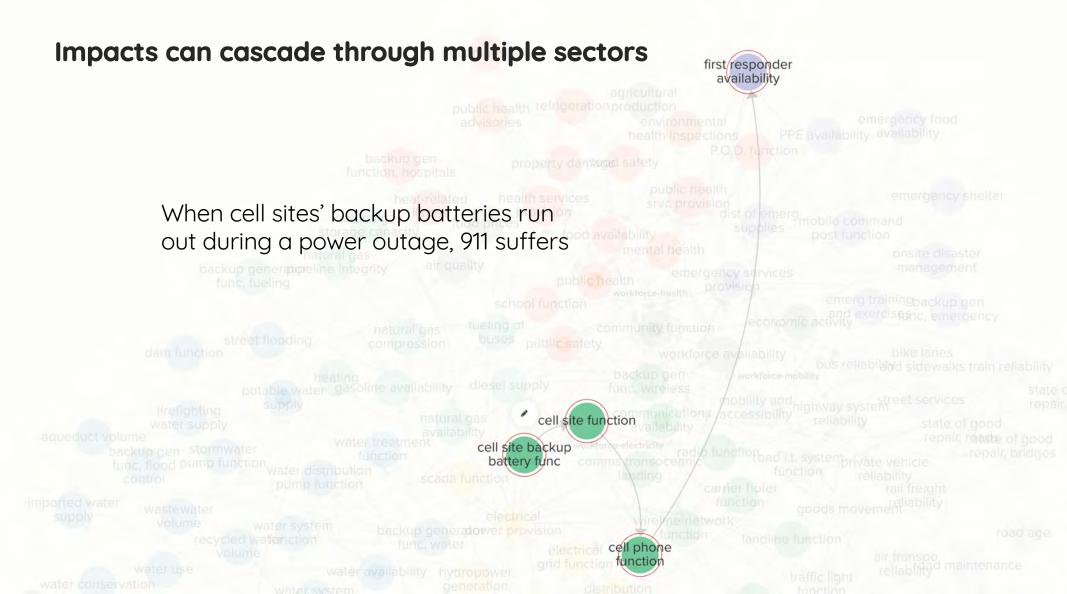


water and power	electrical infrastructure
Power and water	the flood control syster
water supply	transportation



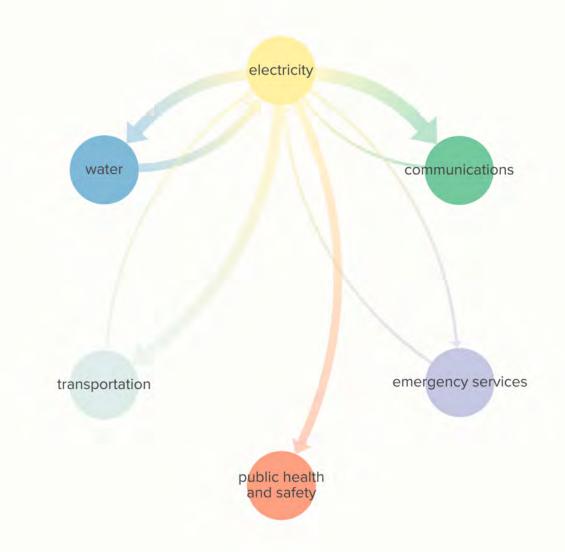






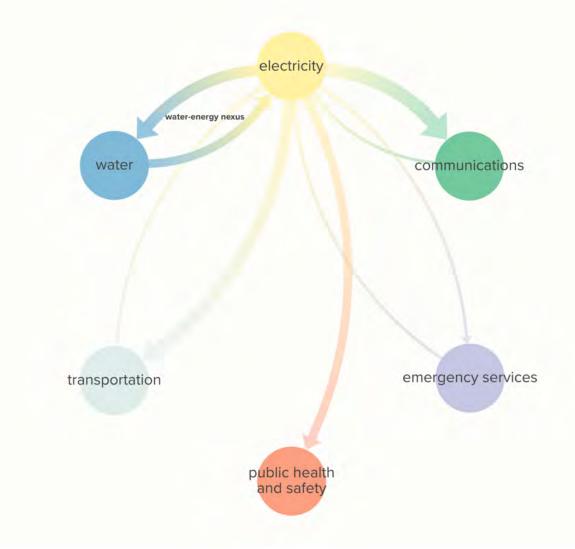
Electricity is critical

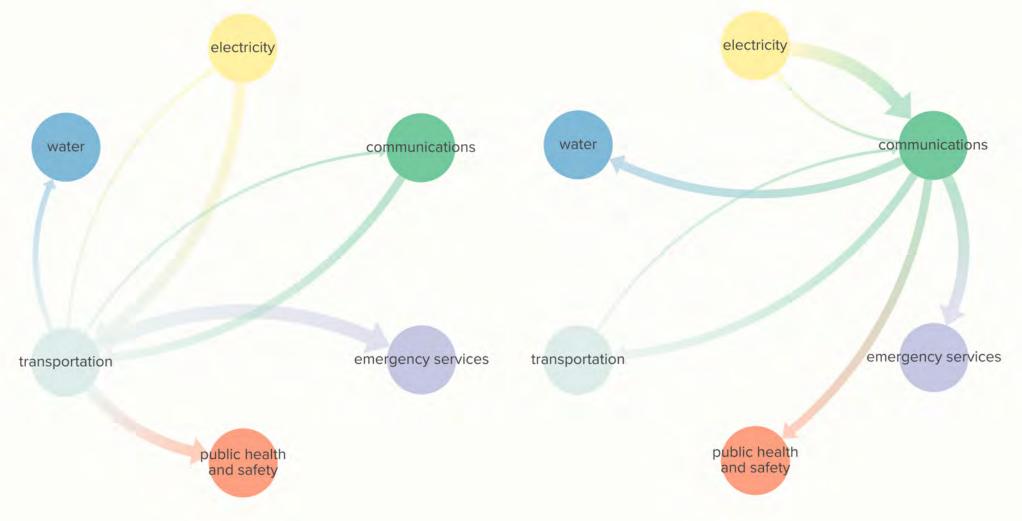
- Electricity strongly influences every other infrastructure sector, in many different ways
- Electrical power provision has the biggest direct impact on all other sectors



Electricity is critical

- Electricity strongly influences every other infrastructure sector, in many different ways
- Electrical power provision has the biggest direct impact on all other sectors
- Water is necessary to produce electricity

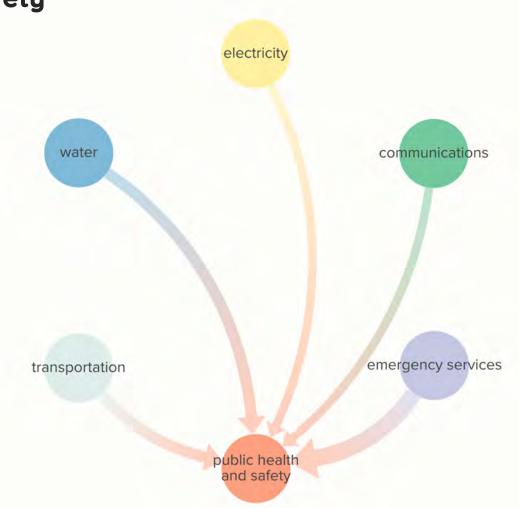


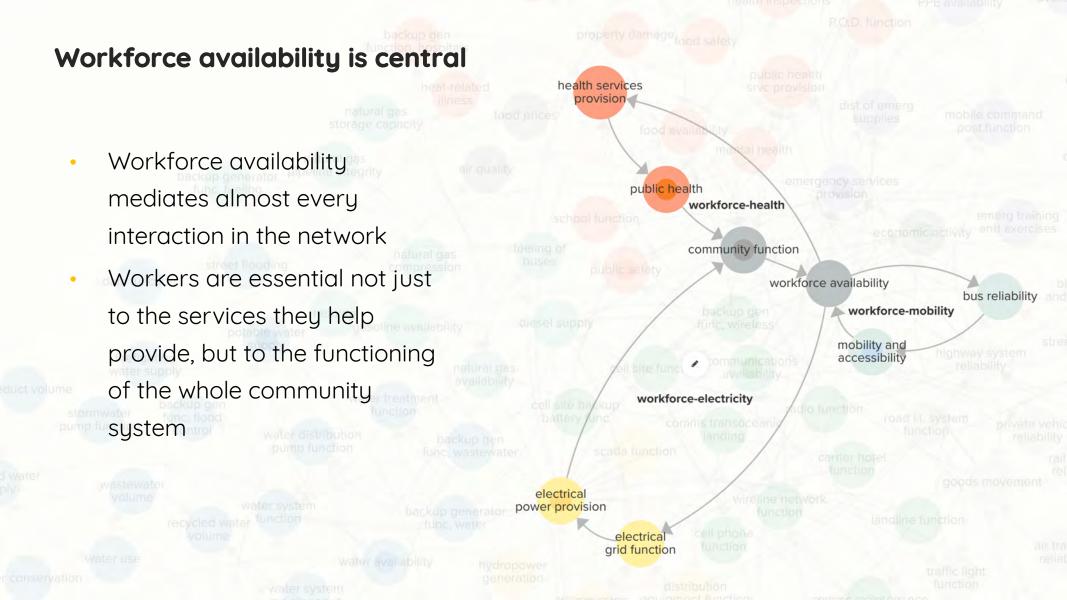


Transportation and communications are important too

They all feed into our health and safety

- Public health and safety are the ultimate goals of critical infrastructure
- They feed back to reinforce other sectors: When the community is functioning well, essential workers can continue to ensure that it does.





Human impacts of infrastructure disruption



- **Energy disruptions** can disproportionately impact socially vulnerable populations
- During climate disasters, vulnerable populations need more accessible communication platforms (text, WhatsApp, language media) as well as messaging through trusted networks (day laborer centers, CERT neighborhood leaders, town councils, and caregivers)
- **Evacuation** from wildfire zones can be more difficult for people with disabilities, people without access to reliable transportation, and rural communities
- Parks and open space, trees, and access to cooling infrastructure are critical and key to adaptive capacity while also vulnerable to heat, wildfire, and drought
- There is a reinforcing feedback loop between the impacts of climate-related infrastructure disruption on workers and the reliance on **workers** to **maintain** that **infrastructure**

Mentimeter What infrastructure are you most concerned about in Los Angeles County when it comes to climate change?

Go to Menti.com and enter code 96 65 88 6



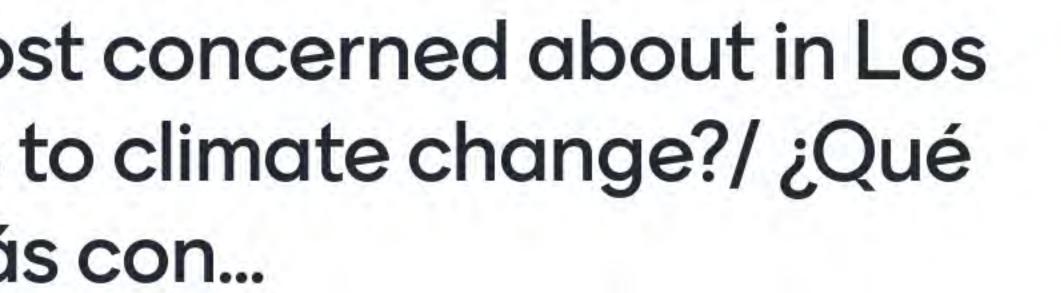
Electric grid.	Energy	Water
electricity grid	electrical	water supply
Gas pipeline ready for hydrogen	workers	Electricity now



Electrical grid	Grid Infrastructure	Water Infrastructure
communications	Energy	Roads, Bridges, Tunnels.
Solid waste and recycling	energy and water	Transportation



Trees	water	communication in emergencies
Energy and Water	electricity grid	Water
energy & water	Above-ground power transmission lines, particularly in north LA county	Electricity





energy, especially central production & distribution	Reliable access to public transportation	Grid	
Electricity and water	Caretakers. Eg child and eldercare low income workers	transportation	
Water	cooling and workers	Energy, water supply	

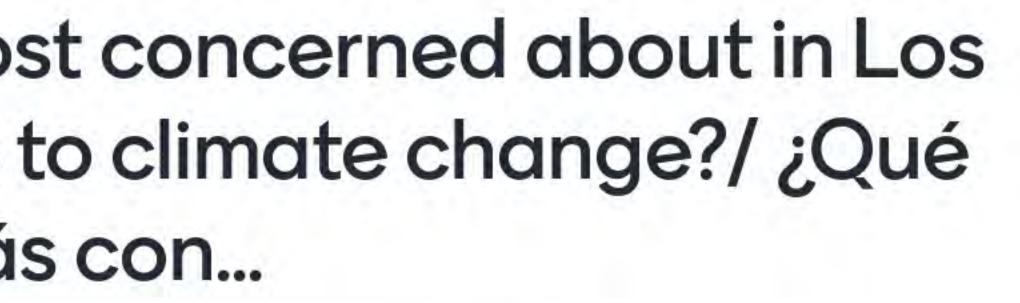


Electrical affecting water availability	Water and electricity
Everything	Water, electricity.
Electricity and communications	Communications infra





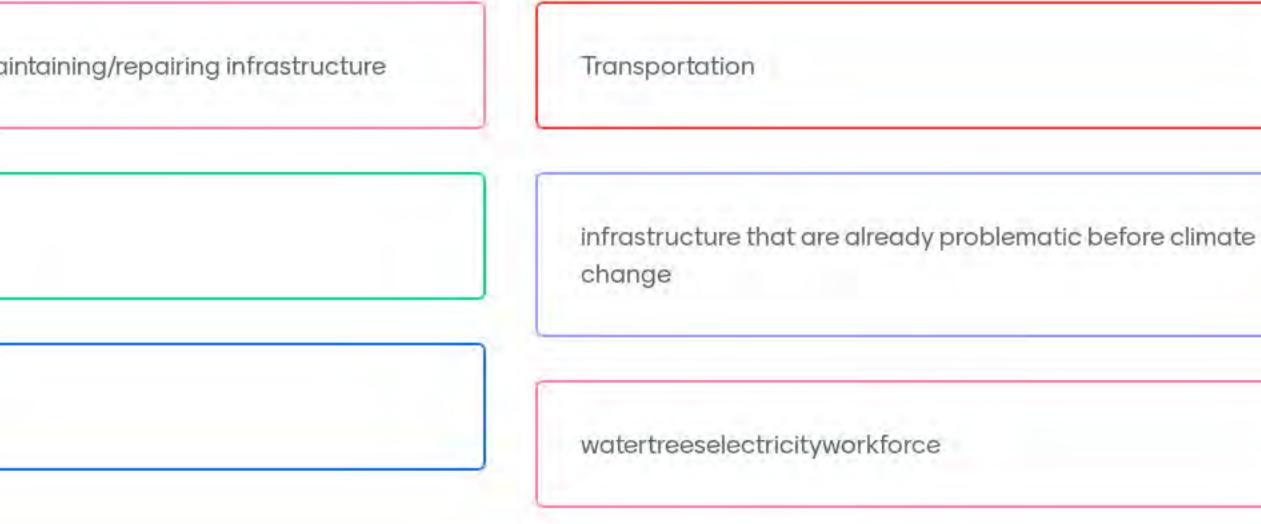
communication	electricity, water, people	Clean energy/ clean water
Energy, water, caregiver availability	Wastewater systems	trees
Energy	Water	Lack of power







Green space	Workers involved in mo
clean energy/ clean water	Lack of green space
food	Transportation

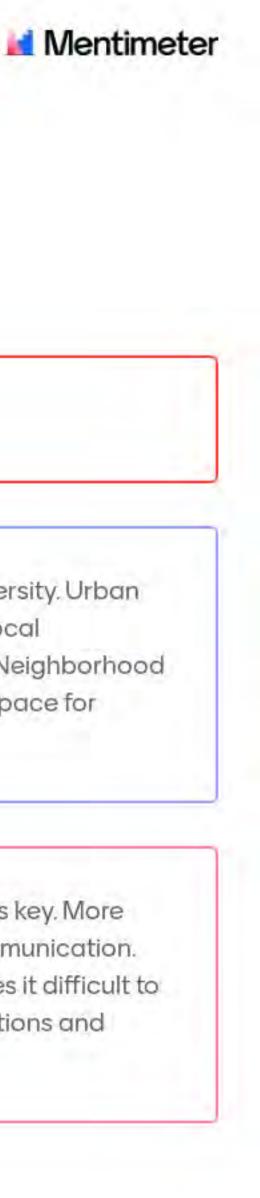




Grid overload	electricity and emergency services (fire, law enforcement)	loss of water electricity, ability to get food/gas,
Electricity, water, trees, roads, asphalt	Lack of access to parks as a place of respite and cooling	above ground electrical lines
agriculture	Water. Natural life (wild life). Heat.	medical facilities



Electricity and water emergency aid	Green open spaces
Getting a good mix of utility-scale AND distributed energy infrastructure.	vegetation
LA County's large infrastructure is disconnected. It is critical connecting with communities to empower them to be the change is key for sustainability.	Lack of wildlife corrido order to adapt



water/groundwater

ors as creatures will need to migrate in

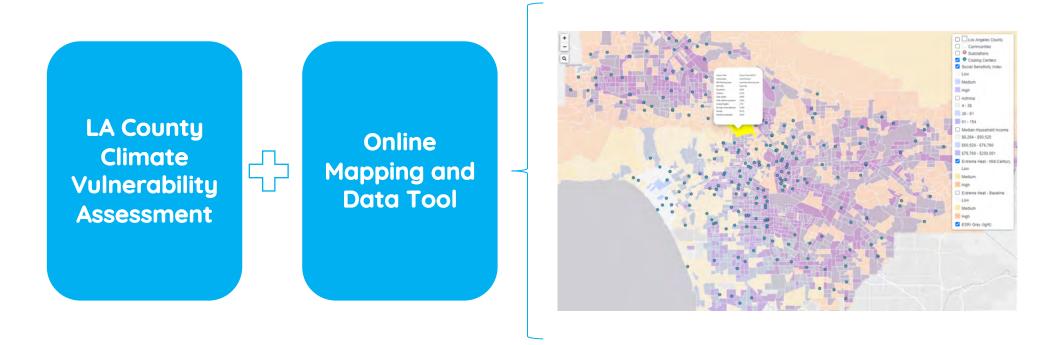
The power grid. Nature Based - loss of biodiversity. Urban Wildlife Interface. Tansportion movement to local communities, water capture, street greening. Neighborhood greenways are a win win. Taking back street space for greening, for mobility

Connecting communities across the County is key. More community groups at the table improves communication. We are so large yet disconnected which makes it difficult to be sustainable and reaching these critical actions and goals.



Final Deliverables









How You Can Use the CVA









Nurit Katz Chief Sustainability Officer



Photo Source: UCLA Sustainability









Photo Source: Greenlining Institute

Sona Mohnot Associate Director, Climate Equity

Other Example Uses

- Inform a grant and apply for funding
- Help prioritize hazard mitigation efforts, public health policies and programs, emergency preparedness, land use planning, and infrastructure investment
- Help in creating a city adaptation plan/program
- Support municipalities with vulnerability assessments for SB 379



Mentimeter What should the County do with the CVA report and tool?

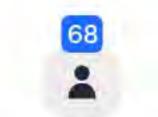
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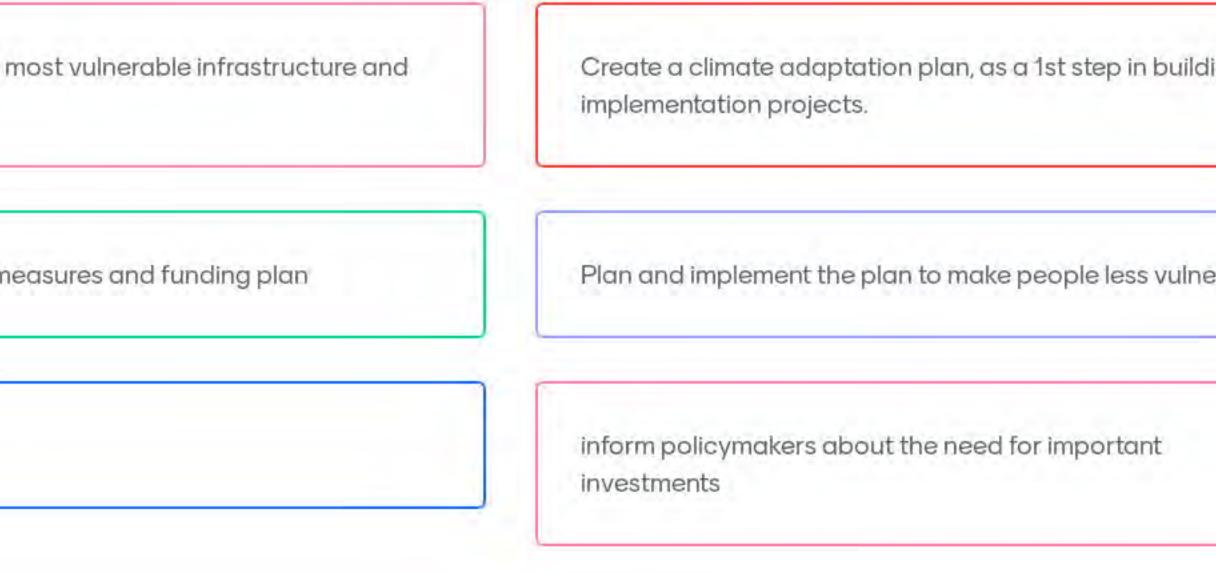
Have each department evaluate it against their own work plans	Lobby at the State leve address sustainability a
Share reports and support grants and projects that help mitigate vulnerabilities	Use it to guide future re
Stop development in high risk areas	provide funding for pro







Require all department administrators become familiar with the tool.	prioritize strategies on populations
Share it with county leaders and create a county leader meeting to develop new policies for LA	implement mitigation m
Stop Sprawl Development , direct funds to Infill Development	budget priorities

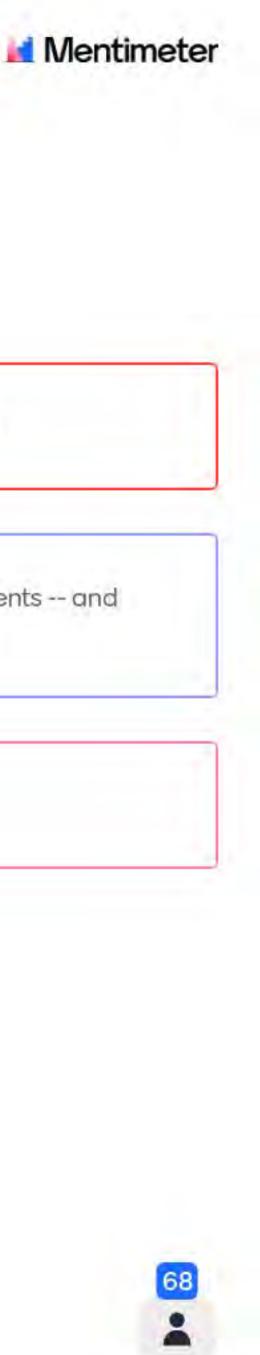


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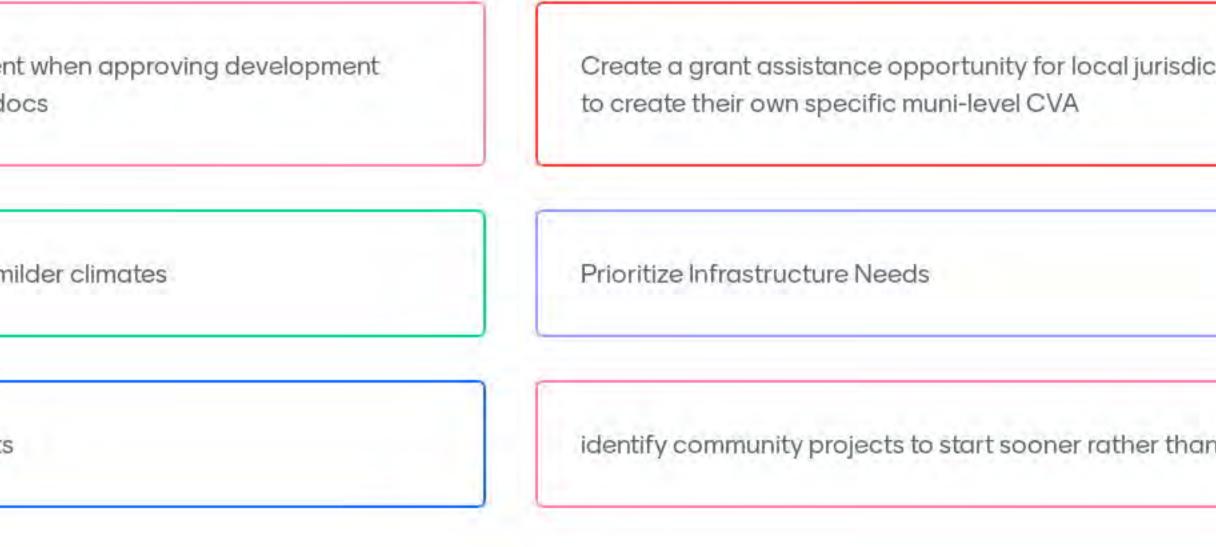


Share with member cities, use to make unincorporated areas climate resilience	Use it to make changes environmental reviews.
Listen, Act and Execute	Use it to help craft a pla evacuation plans.
Share info with LA cities so they can prepare a plan; Share with public sector worker groups so they can prepare a plan;Lobby at state level	Develop adaptation me most vulnerable comm





Gamify the reporting/engagement ask of the public	Use it as a measureme environmental/CEQA d
facilitate pathways for funding	Build more housing in n
Share with local communities	Apply for federal grants

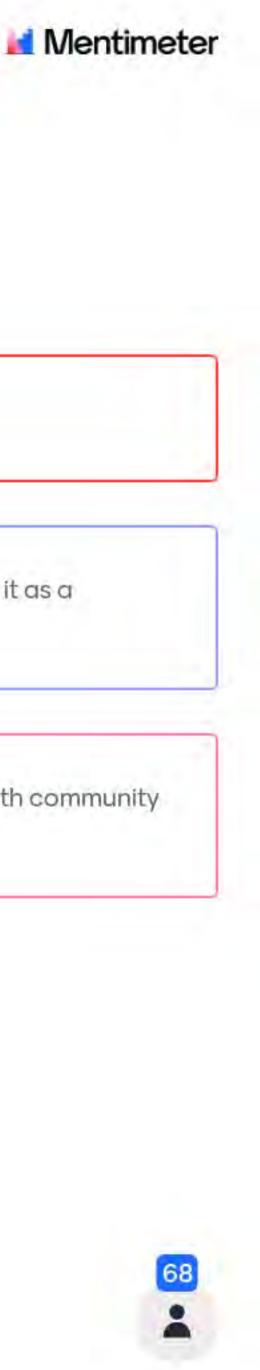


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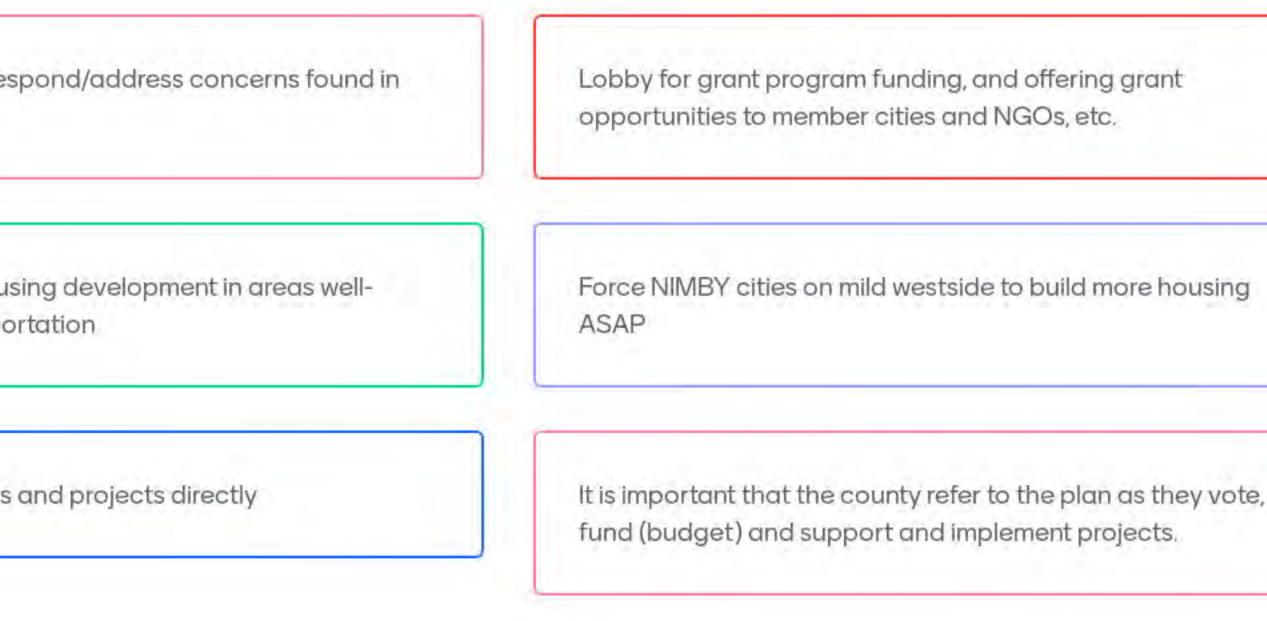
Meet with other County department representatives, city department representatives, and private entities to discuss possible workplans.	policy reform
policy changes	share with the other Co
Use the tool to plan mitigations like planning desalination	Share with all powers t solutions.
plants.	

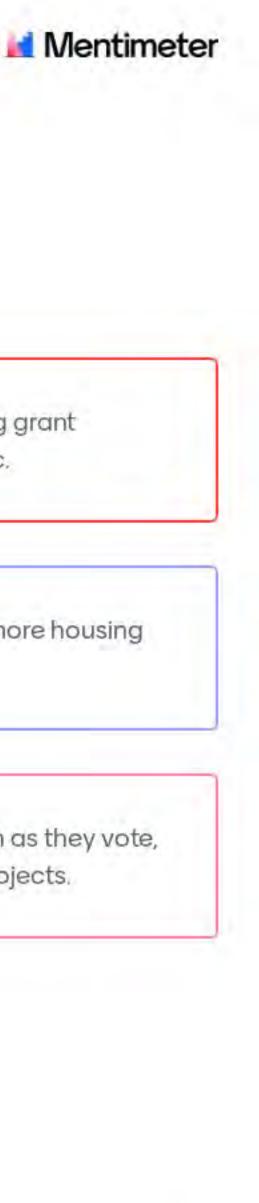
 ounty departments
 Send it out to other agencies so they can use it as a reference tool.

 that be and utilize it to plan for climate
 use it as aliving document- continue to edit with community response



PSA's, continue working with allies.	Move to find ways to re the report.
Share with other universities to add to curriculums	Guide high-density hou suited by public transpo
Develop an Equitable Climate Adaptation & Resiliency Plan	
	To implement programs



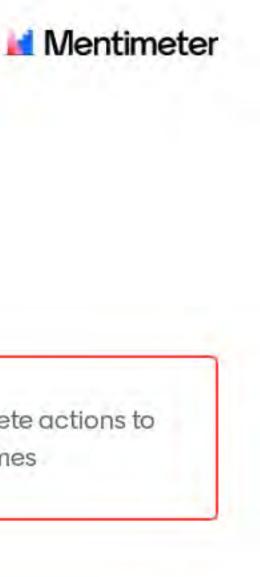


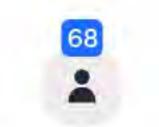


Plant native plants in cities	Hold more workshops t
Prioritize equity in climate adaptation and resilience plans	This CVA must help price establish customized co community visioning for
	community to maximize and solutions.



oritize in the unincorporated areas to ommunity plans, prioritizing r a sustainable resilient future e multi-benefit sustainable projects Browbeat local elected leaders to take concrete actions to build housing for essential workers of all incomes





Mentimeter How will you use the CVA report and tool?

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How will you use the CVA report and tool? / ¿Cómo usarás el informe y la herramienta de la CVA?

Inform company strategy	I will share with my c
Not certain but will include on next meeting agenda	To advocate for nec
Align with other adaptation projects occuring in the region	to inform project dev level

community.

cessary changes.

evelopments at the community

To create dialogue/solutions.

Use in education efforts and climate planning with cities

Sharing it with local jurisdictions



How will you use the CVA report and tool? / ¿Cómo usarás el informe y la herramienta de la CVA?

Share with my City to help them update our general plan	compare against ov gaps/synergies
reviewing against our CVA	use info to prioritize program
Sharing with my community	As a review tool to h

wn organizational CVA for

projects for safe clean water

nelp select future projects.

Use it as Resource and Interact with all involve

Share it with internal team

Informing philanthropic investment.





How will you use the CVA report and tool? / ¿Cómo usarás el informe y la herramienta de la CVA?

To evaluate park and urban greening projects, and supporting case for funding of projects in areas of high vulnerability

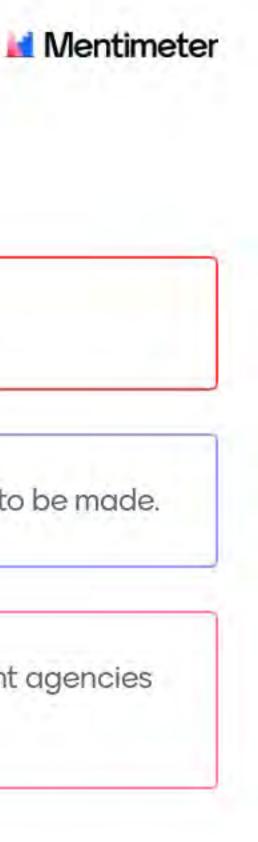
Embed CVA outcomes into agency plans.

Explain it to my community!!

Ask more questions, form strategies. Follow its implementation As a resource for what changes need to be made. advocate for infrastructure funding

To inform people in my organization so we can more effectively advocate to help the disabled people we serve

coordinating partnerships with relevant agencies that reflect CVA findings.





How will you use the CVA report and tool? / ¿Cómo usarás el informe y la herramienta de la CVA?

Personal knowledge/growth	Deepening analysis
Share internally for agency climate adaptation planning in various functions	advocating for fund
To evaluate impacts to rural communities, use for emergency planning, allocate resources needed to support already independent rural communities	Inform emergency p

for sub-region

ling.

preparedness plans.

use data to support equity

To spread awareness among communities who are unaware of risks

Advocate for a sustainable community plan forward!

ies who
ICS WITO
plan





THANK YOU!

For more questions, contact LA County Chief Sustainability Office:

sustainability@lacounty.gov

Recording and Sign-up for Updates

ceo.lacounty.gov/ourcounty-cso-actions/